Wind energy and biodiversity





WIND IS AVAILABLE LOCALLY. IT DOESN'T NEED TO BE IMPORTED FROM OTHER COUNTRIES. THE MORE WE USE IT, THE CLOSER WE GET TO ENERGY SECURITY. MADE



BEFORE INSTALLING A WIND FARM, WE CHOOSE THE SITE VERY CAREFULLY. WE THEN PLAN AND DESIGN THE WIND FARM IN A WAY THAT RESPECTS THE ENVIRONMENT. THIS PROCESS TAKES SEVERAL MONTHS!



WE CARRY OUT THOROUGH IMPACT AND LOCAL AUTHORITIES.



SPECIALISTS...



WE LOOK AT ALL THE POTENTIAL IMPACTS OF A WIND FARM AND ITS INFRASTRUCTURE.

WE LIMIT THE TIME NEEDED TO INSTALL A WIND FARM



WE AVOID INSTALLING WIND FARMS DURING THE BIRD NESTING SEASON.



THE CEMENT WE USE FOR FOUNDATIONS IS INERT. IT DOESN'T POLLUTE THE SOIL.

AT OFFSHORE WIND FARMS WE INSTALL AIR BUBBLE CURTAINS TO PROTECT ANIMALS FROM THE NOISE DURING WORKS.



ONCE INSTALLED, WIND FARMS BRING MANY BENEFITS TO THE ENVIRONMENT:

NO CO2 EMISSIONS NO AIR POLLUTANTS ...



ONCE INSTALLED WIND TURBINES LEAVE

OFFSHORE FOUNDATIONS ACT AS ARTIFICIAL REEFS.

THE SITE UNDISTURBED FOR MANY YEARS

WIND FARMS CAN COEXIST WITH

FARMING AND OTHER LAND USES.

THE IMPACT OF WIND TURBINES ON BIRDS IS ACTUALLY VERY LOW. WE CONSTANTLY MONITOR OUR IMPACT.

WHERE APPROPRIATE WE USE TECHNOLOGY TO DETECT, DETER AND DECOY BIRDS AND BATS. IN SOME CASES THIS INCLUDES STOPPING THE TURBINE FROM SPINNING AT CERTAIN TIMES.



WIND FARMS ARE BEE-FRIENDLY, AND THEIR SITES CAN BE DESIGNED TO ATTRACT POLLINATORS.